

GP

Ger Post

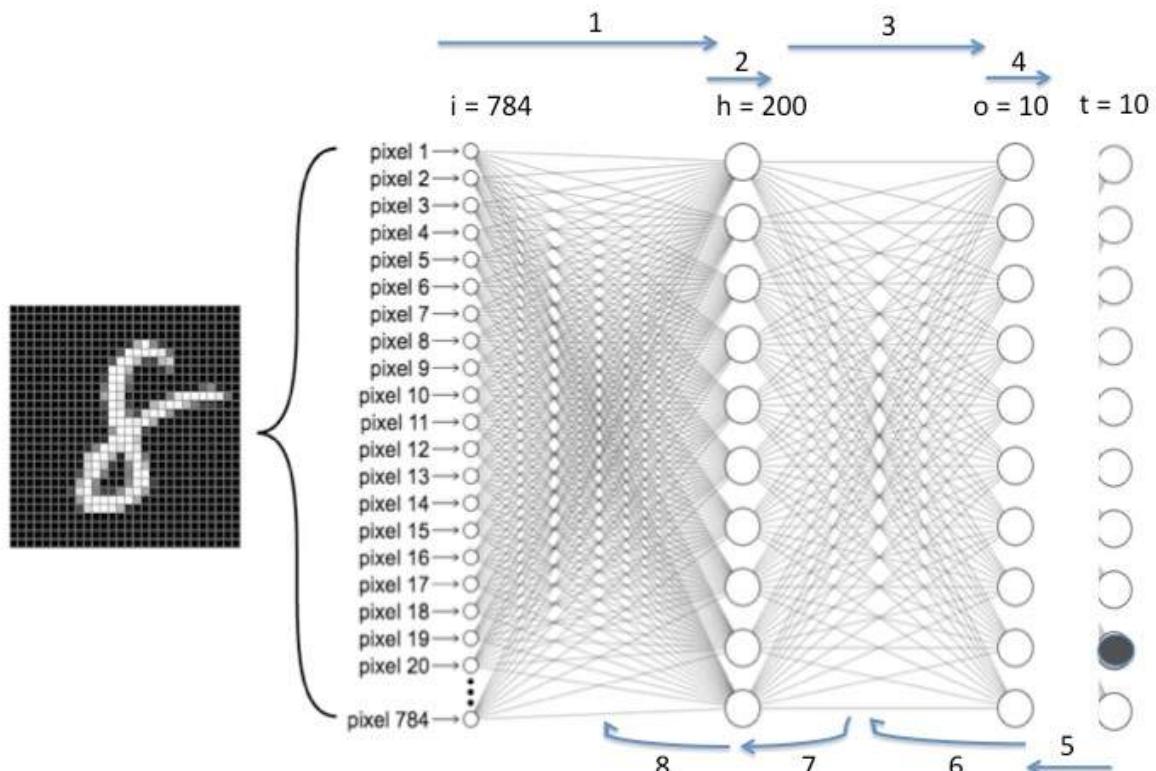
Matrix shapes and calculations behind standard artificial neural networks



The ANN and matrix calculations

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i = input, h = hidden, o = output, t = target

For each step through the network (both the forward pass and back propagation) the code is given below. Write down for each step the dimensions of the matrix calculations. For step 1, for example:

wih weights * inputs = inputs to hidden layer

$$(200 \times 784) * (784 \times 1) = (200 \times 1)$$

Note that the input matrix has been transposed from a (1×784) matrix in this bit of code (and that the same will happen later for targets):

- `inputs = numpy.array(inputs_list, ndmin=2).T`
 - `targets = numpy.array(targets_list, ndmin=2).T`

If you get stuck you can check your answers at the bottom of this page.

What matrix product(s) are coded?

- 1 hidden_inputs = numpy.dot(self.wih,inputs)
 - 2 hidden_outputs = self.activation_function(hidden_inputs)
 - 3 final_inputs = numpy.dot(self.who, hidden_outputs)
 - 4 final_outputs = self.activation_function(final_inputs)
 - 5 output_errors = target - final_outputs
 - 6 self.who += self.lr * numpy.dot((output_errors * final_outputs * (1.0 - final_outputs)),
numpy.transpose(hidden_outputs))
 - 7 hidden_errors = numpy.dot(self.who^T, output_errors)
 - 8 self.wih += self.lr * numpy.dot((hidden_errors * hidden_outputs * (1.0 - hidden_outputs)),
numpy.transpose(inputs))

Check your answers below

1

```
hidden_inputs = numpy.dot(self.wih,inputs)
```

hidden inputs = weights wih * inputs

$$(200 \times 784) * (784 \times 1) = (200 \times 1)$$

2

```
hidden_outputs = self.activation_function(hidden_inputs)
```

Shape of the matrix doesn't change

$$(200 \times 1)$$

3

```
final_inputs = numpy.dot(self.who, hidden_outputs)
```

output (final) layer inputs = weights who * hidden outputs

$$(10 \times 200) * (200 \times 1) = (10 \times 1)$$

4

```
final_outputs = self.activation_function(final_inputs)
```

(10×1)

5

`output_errors = target - final_outputs`

$(10 \times 1) - (10 \times 1) = (10 \times 1)$

6

`self.who += self.lr * numpy.dot((output_errors * final_outputs * (1.0 - final_outputs)),
numpy.transpose(hidden_outputs))`

`new who = lr * weight adjustment`

$(10 \times 200) += self.lr * (10 \times 200)$

weight adjustment `who = output_errors * hidden_outputT`

$(10 \times 1) * (1 \times 200) = (10 \times 200)$

7

`hidden_errors = numpy.dot(self.whoT, output_errors)`

`hidden errors = transpose of who * output errors`

$(200 \times 10) * (10 \times 1) = (200 \times 1)$

8

```
self.wih += self.lr * numpy.dot((hidden_errors * hidden_outputs * (1.0 - hidden_outputs)),  
numpy.transpose(inputs))
```

new wih = lr * weight adjustment

(200 x 784) += self.lr * (200 x 784)

weight adjustment wih = hidden_errors * input^T

(200 x 1) * (1 x 784) = (200 x 784)