kg

Polycarbonate

Polycarbonate represents a family of thermoplastic polymers. Polycarbonate is a strong material and the grade used for construction is most often transparent. Polycarbonate has high mechanical strength and can withstand temperature fluctuations without cracking.

Polycarbonate is made by mixing bisphenol A and phosgene through multiple chemical reactions. The resulting polycarbonate can be extruded or moulded, like other thermoplastics.

Polycarbonate is mostly used in construction to replace glass in glazing, for skylights, flat or curved glazing and for sound walls.

Category Plastics

Type Other polymers

Functional kg unit

Specific heat $1250 \text{ J/(kg} \cdot \text{K)}$

Density $1 200 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Common uses

Skylights, flat glazing, curved glazing, sound walls

Process name

Polycarbonate, at plant/RER U/ AusSD U

Input-output sector

Polymer Product Manufacturing

Further information

doi.org/10.26188/5da556966a461

Material variations	Unit	Energy (MJ/unit)	Water (L/unit)	GHG emissions (kgCO ₂ e/unit)
Polycarbonate	kg	190	265	14.0
Polycarbonate roofing sheet - 1 mm	m²	228	318	16.7
Polycarbonate roofing sheet - 2 mm	m²	457	635	33.5
Polycarbonate roofing sheet - 3 mm	m²	685	953	50.2
Polycarbonate roofing sheet - 6 mm	m^2	1 371	1 905	100

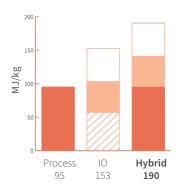


TOP THREE INPUTS









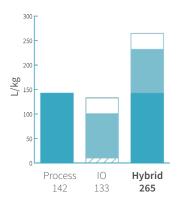


TOP THREE INPUTS











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Basic Chemical Manufacturing





