Low-density polyethylene (LDPE) pipe

Polyethylene (PE) is the most common plastic and is a thermoplastic polymer. It has low strength and rigidity buy high impact strength and ductility and low friction. It is highly waterproof.

PE is produced by polymerising ethylene monomers using different catalysts (typically metal chlorides or metal oxides). Different densities can be obtained with different properties. Multiple additives are also used to obtain different grades and properties of PE. PE is thermoformed into moulds or extruded.

Low-density polyethylene (LDPE) is generally cheaper than HDPE. LDPE pipes are usually used for lower pressure systems and are typically smaller than HDPE pipes.

Category	Plastics		
Type	Low Den		

Low Density Polyethylene

Functional kg unit

Specific heat 1555 J/(kg·K)

Density 910 kg/m³

Common uses *Low-pressure pipes*

Process name

LDPE, extruded pipe (custom)

Input-output sector

Polymer Product Manufacturing

Further information doi.org/10.26188/5da5559330846

Material variations	Unit	Energy (MJ/unit)	Water (L/unit)	GHG emissions (kgCO ₂ e/unit)
Low-density polyethylene (LDPE) pipe	kg	130	89.6	6.0
LDPE pipe - 13 mm inner dia., 3.95 mm thickness	m	11	7.6	0.5
LDPE pipe - 19 mm inner dia., 4.4 mm thickness	m	17.3	11.9	0.8
LDPE pipe - 25 mm inner dia., 5.2 mm thickness	m	26.6	18.4	1.2
LDPE pipe - 32 mm inner dia., 6.7 mm thickness	m	43.9	30.3	2.0

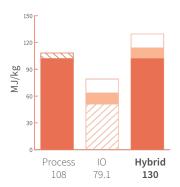


TOP THREE INPUTS









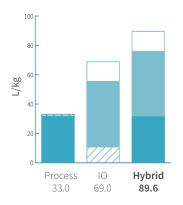


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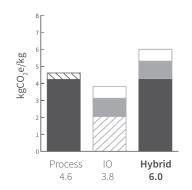


TOP THREE INPUTS

61.7% Low density polyethylene, at plant/AU U



1.4% Wholesale Trade



GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

